

Working with Trauma in Seahorse Paediatric Intensive Care Unit

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Setting the scene: Seahorse PICU orientation video



http://www.uhbristol.nhs.uk/patients-and-visitors/your-hospitals/bristol-royal-hospital-for-children/what-we-do/seahorse-intensive-care-unit/



Seamless

care

PICU & Cardiac Patient Pathways

- Approx. 50% cardiac patients
- Aim → ward/repatriation ASAP:
 - brief admission
 - longer stay
 - sudden event
- PICU Psychologist
 - Non-cardiac patients
 - Complex patients with several significant diagnoses (under different specialisms & hospital teams) in addition to cardiac diagnosis
 - Patients where extended PICU admission anticipated?



Cardiac psychologists to

accept referral

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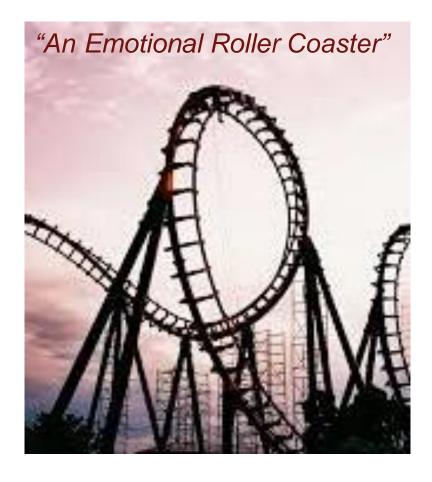
Liaise with

service manager

PICU Psychologist to

accept referral

Parent's experiences of PICU



- "You are asking me to hand my baby over to you"
- Numerous doctors, nurses & HCPs
- Constant change and uncertainty about the future
- Medical terms and complicated medical equipment
- Away from home and social support where to stay?
- Finance and employment
- Impact on family & siblings
- Feeling helpless and de-skilled as a parent
- Adjusting to child's altered appearance
- Lack of sleep and irregular meals
- Emotionally overwhelmed → Numb
- ... and everything else

Both unexpected or planned admissions can feel very overwhelming



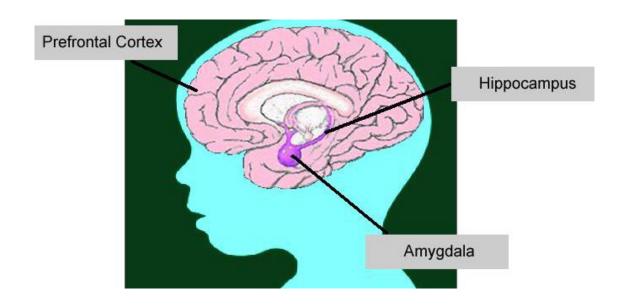
The psychologist offers a safe space to express, reflect and make sense of difficult, complex and often intense, emotions

What parents and carers often say ...

- "How do I tell my other children?"
- "I feel guilty when I am here and I feel guilty when I am at home with my other children"
- "I know I should take a break, but I can't bring myself to leave my baby"
- "I'm worried about what they will say in the meeting on Monday"
- "They tell us something and then the next day it changes"
- "I'm worried about my partner s/he's just not coping"
- "I can't stop thinking about [event]"
- "Sometimes I feel like it's not happening to me"



Helping parents and carers understand trauma reactions



"Normal response to an abnormal event"

- Normalising reactions fight flight or freeze
- The brain & trauma understanding flashbacks
- Simple language & analogies



Layers of trauma

- Current / recent trauma relating to admission
 - Critical event e.g. arrest at home
 - Witnessing carrying out resuscitation
 - Journey to hospital
 - A&E
 - Surgery, scans etc.
 - Invasive interventions in PICU
- Impact of pre-existing/historical trauma
- Recent life events people have complicated lives

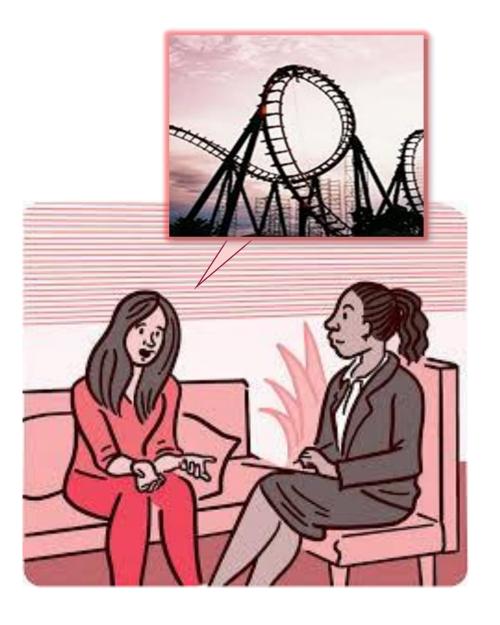


Supporting parents and carers in PICU after a traumatic event



- What does coping look like?
- Developing supportive network
- Identifying strengths and pervious coping skills
- Self-care
- Grounding
- Spirituality
- Getting involved in child's care again
- *Psychological growth





After PICU: how you can help

What if memories of critical event or PICU stay do not subside and adversely impact on daily living?

- "I'm coping now but I think I might need to access support later when we get home"
- Social support
- Listen and reassure strong feelings and reactions are normal
- Self-care and regular routines
- Think about what type of support needed?
 - GP consultation?
 - Statutory org., charity, faith community
 - Professionals with skills in working with trauma (PICU roller coaster)



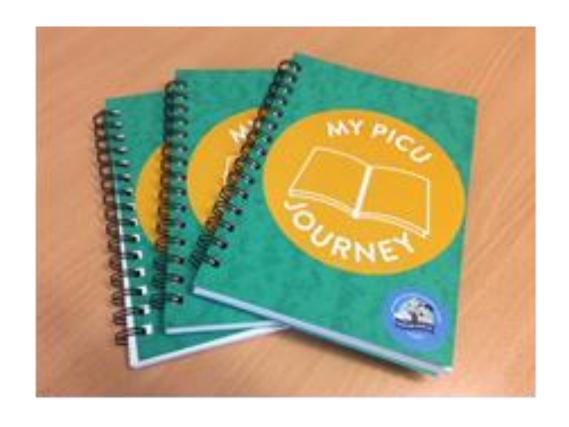
Top 10 Tips for Families



- 1. Be kind to yourself
- 2. Even a routine admission can feel traumatic everyone is different and your reaction is OK
- 3. Remind yourself how you have coped in the past you can do it again
- 4. Accept support, you do not have to do this alone
- 5. You do not have to respond to every phone call and text, ask one trusted person to update everybody
- 6. Rest: take breaks from the ward: your child will need you there more when they wake up
- 7. Involve siblings you can to talk to the team about how you can do this
- 8. Consider a PICU Diary to record memories and milestones in a meaningful way
- 9. Talk to your child's nurse about the non-medical child and family support services available
- 10. If after a month to six weeks of getting home, intrusive thoughts are getting in the way of every day living consider talking to your GP or health visitor



Patient diaries



Parent feedback:

- "It gives me hope. I looked back and realised we have had three good days, it was just that one day that was a bad day"
- "It helped my older child understand what was going on and for him to also have input"
- "I read it every night and reflect on what we have come thorough. I think we've made it through another day - where's the book"



Thank you



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